

Globus Endpoint Administration

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Get your server: bit.ly/ec2ip 1. Select an empty row in the spreadsheet 2. Enter your name and email address

3. Make a note of the IP address displayed

Slides and useful links: globusworld.org/tutorials



- Makes your storage accessible via Globus
- Multi-user server, installed and managed by sysadmin
- Default access for all local accounts
- Native packaging Linux: DEB, RPM



docs.globus.org/globus-connect-server-installation-guide/

Globus Connect Server



Creating a Globus endpoint on your server

- In this example, Server = Amazon EC2 instance
- Installation and configuration of Globus Connect Server requires a Globus ID
- Go to globusid.org
- Click "create a Globus ID"
 - Optional: associate it with your Globus account

What we are going to do:





- Get the IP address for your EC2 server (bit.ly/ec2ip)
- Log in as user 'campusadmin'

ssh campusadmin@<EC2_instance_IP_address>

- Please sudo su before continuing
 - User 'campusadmin' has passwordless sudo privileges

Install Globus Connect Server

- \$ sudo su
- \$ curl -LOs
- http://downloads.globus.org/toolkit/globus-connect-
- server/globus-connect-server-repo_latest_all.deb
- \$ dpkg -i globus-connect-server-repo_latest_all.deb
- \$ apt-get update
- \$ apt-get -y install globus-connect-server
- \$ globus-connect-server-setup ←

Use your <u>Globus ID</u> username and password when prompted

You have a working Globus endpoint!

Access the Globus endpoint

- Go to Manage Data → Transfer Files
- Access the endpoint you just created

 Search for your EC2 host name in the Endpoint field
 Log in as "researcher"; you will see the user's home directory
- Transfer files to/from a test endpoint (e.g. ESnet readonly) and your EC2 endpoint

Globus accounts and endpoint access

- Globus account: Primary identity (+ Linked Identities)
- Endpoint initially accessible by creator
- Endpoint not visible?
 - Primary identity is your institutional ID?
 - Link your Globus ID!



Configuring Globus Connect Server

Endpoint configuration

- Globus service "Manage Endpoints" page
- DTN (Globus Connect Server) config
 - /etc/globus-connect-server.conf
 - Standard .ini format: [Section] Option = Value
 - To enable changes you must run:
 - globus-connect-server-setup
 - "Rinse and repeat"

Common configuration options

Manage Endpoints page

- Display Name
- -Visibility
- Encryption
- DTN configuration file
 - RestrictPaths
 - IdentityMethod (CILogon, Oauth)
 - Sharing
 - SharingRestrictPaths

Exercise: Make your endpoint visible

Edit endpoint attributes

- Change the name to something useful, e.g. <your_name> EC2
 Endpoint
- For the "Visible To" attribute select "Public Visible to all users"

Find your neighbor's endpoint

– Thanks to our superb security ... you can access it too 😊



• Default configuration:

- All paths allowed, access control handled by the OS

Use RestrictPaths to customize

- Specifies a comma separated list of full paths that clients may access
- Each path may be prefixed by R (read) and/or W (write), or N (none) to explicitly deny access to a path
- '~' for authenticated user's home directory, and * may be used for simple wildcard matching.

• e.g. Full access to home directory, read access to /data:

- RestrictPaths = RW~,R/data
- e.g. Full access to home directory, deny hidden files:
 - RestrictPaths = RW~,N~/.*

Exercise: Restrict access

- Set RestrictPaths=RW~, N~/archive
- Run globus-connect-server-setup
- Access your endpoint as 'researcher'
- What's changed?

Enabling sharing on an endpoint

- In config file, set Sharing=True
- Run globus-connect-server-setup
- Use the CLI to flag as managed endpoint (also configurable via the web app)

* Note: Creation of shared endpoints requires a Globus subscription for the managed endpoint

Limit sharing to specific accounts

- SharingUsersAllow =
- SharingGroupsAllow =
- SharingUsersDeny =
- SharingGroupsDeny =

Sharing Path Restriction

- Restrict paths where users can create shared endpoints
- Use SharingRestrictPaths to customize
 Same syntax as RestrictPaths
- e.g. Full access to home directory, deny hidden files:
 SharingRestrictPaths = RW~,N~/.*
- e.g. Full access to public folder under home directory:
 SharingRestrictPaths = RW~/public
- e.g. Full access to /proj, read access to /scratch:
 SharingRestrictPaths = RW/proj,R/scratch



Accessing Endpoints

Ports needed for Globus

- Inbound: 2811 (control channel)
- Inbound: 7512 (MyProxy), 443 (OAuth)
- Inbound: 50000-51000 (data channel)
- If restricting outbound connections, allow connections on:
 - 80, 2223 (used during install/config)
 - 50000-51000 (GridFTP data channel)



Default configuration (*avoid if at all possible*)



Best practice configuration

Single Sign-On with InCommon/CILogon

- Your Shibboleth server must release R&S attributes to CILogon—especially the ePPN attribute
- Local account must match institutional ID (InCommon ID)
 Test by creating a local user with same name
- In /etc/globus-connect-server.conf set:

AuthorizationMethod = CILogon

CILogonIdentityProvider =
<institution_listed_in_CILogon_IdP_list>

High Assurance Endpoints

- App instance isolation
- Additional authentication assurance (IdP locking)
- Comprehensive audit logging
- Require Globus Connect Server v5.2+
 - New installation method (using client ID, secret)
 - New architecture/terminology

docs.globus.org/high-assurance/



Managed endpoints and subscriptions

Subscription configuration

Subscription manager

- Create/upgrade managed endpoints
- Requires Globus ID linked to Globus account

Management console permissions

- Independent of subscription manager
- Map managed endpoint to Globus ID
- Globus Plus group
 - Subscription Manager is admin
 - Can grant admin rights to other members

Creating managed endpoints

- <u>Required</u> for sharing, management console, reporting, ...
- Convert existing endpoint to managed via CLI (or web): globus endpoint update --managed <endpt_uuid>
- Must be run by subscription manager
- Important: Re-run endpoint update after deleting/recreating endpoint



Monitoring and managing Globus endpoint activity



- Monitor all transfers
- Pause/resume specific transfers
- Add pause conditions with various options
- Resume specific tasks overriding pause conditions
- Cancel tasks
- View sharing ACLs



- Administrator: define endpoint and roles
- Access Manager: manage permissions
- Activity Manager: perform control tasks
- Activity Monitor: view activity



Demonstration: Management console **Endpoint Roles Usage Reporting**



...on performance

Balance: performance - reliability

- Network use parameters: concurrency, parallelism
- Maximum, Preferred values for each
- Transfer considers source and destination endpoint settings min(max(preferred src, preferred dest), max src,

```
max dest
```

Service limits, e.g. concurrent requests



Illustrative performance



Disk-to-Disk Throughput: ESnet Testing





Deployment Scenarios

Best practice network configuration



* Please see TCP ports reference: https://docs.globus.org/resource-provider-guide/#open-tcp-ports_section

Common endpoint configuration



Common endpoint configuration



Multi-endpoint configuration



Multi-endpoint configuration





Western Digital ActiveScale

- Turnkey on-premise object storage
- Globus connector using S3 API
- Low TCO: Manufactures own drives
- Erasure coding
- Auto data integrity checks with self-healing
- Cloud-based systems management tools
- Data Forever: automatic migration to new tech

docs.globus.org/premium-storage-connectors/wd-activescale/





- Separate control and data interfaces
- "DataInterface =" option in globus-connect-serverconf
- Common scenario: route data flows over Science
 DMZ link

Dual-homed DTN – high speed data path



Dual-homed DTN – high speed data path





Other Deployment Options



Requiring encryption on an endpoint

- User cannot override
- Useful for "sensitive" data
- Globus uses OpenSSL cipher stack as currently configured on your DTN
- FIPS 140-2 compliance: ensure use of FIPS capable OpenSSL libraries on DTN

www.openssl.org/docs/fips/UserGuide-2.0.pdf

Distributing Globus Connect Server components

- Globus Connect Server components

 globus-connect-server-io, -id, -web
- Default: -io, -id and -web on single server
- Common options
 - Multiple –io servers for load balancing, failover, and performance
 - No -id server, e.g. third-party IdP
 - ---id on separate server, e.g. non-DTN nodes
 - --web on either --id server or separate server for OAuth interface

Distributing Globus Connect Server components



Setting up multiple –io servers

Guidelines

- Use the same .conf file on all servers
- First install on the server running the --id component, then all others
- Install Globus Connect Server on all servers
- Edit .conf file on one of the servers and set [MyProxy] Server to the hostname of the server you want the –id component installed on
- Copy Globus Connect Server configuration file to all servers
- Run globus-connect-server-setup on the server running the –id component
- Run globus-connect-server-setup on all other servers
- Repeat steps 2-5 as necessary to update configurations

Example: Two-node DTN



On "primary" DTN node (34.20.29.57):
 /etc/globus-connect-server.conf
 [Endpoint] Name = globus_dtn
 [MyProxy] Server = 34.20.29.57



On other DTN nodes:

/etc/globus-connect-server.conf
[Endpoint] Name = globus_dtn
[MyProxy] Server = 34.20.29.57



Globus Network Manager For environments with super duper special network constraints... (a.k.a. "for the very brave")

Globus Network Manager

- Information from GridFTP to facilitate dynamic network changes
- Callbacks during GridFTP execution on local DTN
- Supplements information available via Globus transfer API

Globus Network Manager Callbacks

- Pre-listen (binding of socket)
- Post-listen
- Pre-accept/Pre-connect (no Data yet)
- Post-accept/Post-connect (data in flight)
- Pre-close
- Post-close

Network manager use cases

- Science DMZ Traffic Engineering
 - Use SDN to dynamically route data path
 - Control path uses traditional route
- Automated WAN bandwidth reservation

 OSCARS, AL2S
- Note: All this requires custom code



Open Discussion